## Parathanas, n. gen.

Animal robust. Carapace about one-third of its length. Rostrum short. Pleon having the sixth somite nearly as long as the two preceding. Telson half the length of the sixth somite.

Ophthalmopod short, orbicular.
First pair of antennæ considerably longer than the ophthalmopoda and terminating in two flagella.

Second pair carrying a long and narrow scaphocerite.
First pair of pereiopoda robust, chelate; second pair slender, chelate, having the carpos multiarticulate ; third and fourth pairs short and simple; fifth pair very long and slender, and (probably) styliform.

There is only one perfect specimen in the collection and that is immature. It is closely allied to Athanas, but differs from that genus in haring only two simple flagella, one of which is very short, attached to the extremity of the first pair of antennæ, and in having the posterior pair of pereiopoda longer than the preceding.

Geographical Distribution.-The two species were taken near the Celebes Islands.

Parathanas decorticus, n. sp. (Pl. LXXXIX. fig. 3).
Animal moderately robust. Rostrum short, dorsally smooth and pointed.
Ophthalmopod orbicular, scarcely longer than the rostrum. First pair of pereiopoda larger than the second; second more slender, but not longer than the first; posterior pair of pereiopoda longer than the others.

Telson pointed.


Habitat.-October 23, 1874; taken off Sibago, Samboangan, Philippine Islands, in 80 fathoms. One specimen.

The animal generally is tolerably robust. The carapace, which is 2 mm . long, is rather more than one-third the length of the animal, measured from the frontal margin to the extremity of the telson; the rostrum is short, being about one-fourth the length of the carapace, and is dorsally flat, smooth, and pointed.

The pleon has the anterior somites shorter than the posterior, of which the fourth

