

- Ebalia costæ*, Heller. Adriatic. (Is probably a variety of *Ebalia granulosa*.)
Ebalia setubalensis, Capello = *Ebalia elegans*, Capello. Setubal.
Ebalia nux, Norman. Mediterranean, to 300 mètres.
Ebalia maderensis, Stimpson. Madeira. (Is perhaps not distinct from *Ebalia tuberosa*.)
Ebalia fragifera, Miers. Canaries.
Ebalia tuberculata, Miers. Senegambia; Goree Island, to 15 fathoms.
Ebalia affinis, Miers. Senegambia; Goree Island, to 15 fathoms.
Ebalia stimpsonii, A. Milne Edwards. Barbados, to 50 fathoms.
Ebalia granulata (Rüppell). Red Sea; Providence Group, to 24 fathoms.
Ebalia orientalis, Kossmann. Red Sea.
Ebalia tuberosa (A. Milne Edwards). South Africa; Agulhas Bank, to 150 fathoms; East and South Australia; New Zealand, to 150 fathoms.
Ebalia lambriformis (Bell) = *Phlyxia petleyi*, Haswell. North, East, and South Australia; south of New Guinea, to 28 fathoms.
Ebalia lævis (Bell). New Zealand Seas, to 150 fathoms.
Ebalia erosa (A. Milne Edwards). Bass Strait; New Caledonia.
Ebalia quadrata (A. Milne Edwards). Bass Strait. (Perhaps a species of *Nursia*.)
Ebalia granulosa (Haswell). Sydney Heads, "deep water."
Ebalia minor, Miers. Japanese Seas.
Ebalia bituberculata, Miers. Japanese Seas, to 52 fathoms.
Ebalia rhomboidalis, Miers. Japanese Seas.
Ebalia pulchella, A. Milne Edwards. Fiji Islands.
Ebalia miliaris, A. Milne Edwards. Samoan Islands, Upolu. (Perhaps a distinct genus.)

II. Front with four distinct (usually tuberculiform) lobes or teeth, including the tooth at the interior angle of the orbit. (*Phlyxia*.)

- Ebalia crassipes* (Bell). South and East Australia (to 40 fathoms).
Ebalia quadridentata, Gray, with var. *spinifera*, nov. Australia, Port Jackson.
Ebalia spinosa (Kinahan). Australia, Port Philip.
Ebalia spinosa, var. *orbicularis* (Haswell) = *Bellidilia serratocostis*, Kinahan (?).
 East and South Australia (to 15 fathoms); Tasmania.
Ebalia ramsayi (Haswell). Port Jackson.
Ebalia dentifrons, n. sp. South Australian Coast.
Ebalia intermedia, n. sp. South Australia, near Port Philip (38 fathoms).¹

¹ The *Ebalia spinosa*, A. Milne Edwards, from Upolu, is perhaps referable to the genus *Arcania*.