

region, from the Red Sea and Mauritius to the Fijis and New Caledonia; *Schizophrys dama* (Herbst), to which species are doubtfully referred specimens from West Australia (3 to 5 fathoms), in the collection of the British Museum, and which is apparently distinguished by the evenly granulated and narrower and more elongated carapace.¹

Schizophrys aspera (Milne Edwards).

- Mithrax asper*, Milne Edwards, Hist. Nat. Crust., vol. i. p. 320, 1834.
 " " Dana, Crust. in U.S. Explor. Exped., vol. xiii. p. 97, pl. ii. fig. 4, 1852.
Dione affinis, de Haan, Fauna Japonica, Crust., p. 94, pl. xxii. fig. 4 (*dichotomus*), 1839, adult ♂.
 ? *Mithrax quadridentatus*, MacLeay, in Smith, Annulosa Zool. South Africa, p. 58, 1849.
Mithrax spinifrons, A. Milne Edwards, Ann. Soc. Entom. France, ser. 4, vol. vii. p. 263, 1867.
Schizophrys serratus, White, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond., p. 223, 1847, woodcut; Crust. Zool. H.M.S. "Samarang," p. 16, 1848.
Schizophrys spinifer, White, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond., p. 223, 1847; Crust. Zool. H.M.S. "Samarang," p. 17, 1848.
Mithrax affinis, F. de B. Capello, Jorn. Sci. Math. Phys. Nat. Lisboa, p. 264, pl. iiii. fig. 4, 1871.
Schizophrys aspera, A. Milne Edwards, Nouv. Archiv. Mus. Hist. Nat., vol. viii. p. 231, pl. x. figs. 1-1f, 1872.
 " " Miers, Crust. Rep. Zool. Coll. H.M.S. "Alert" p. 197, 1884.
Mithrax (Schizophrys) triangularis, Kossmann, Crust. in Zool. Ergebnisse einer Reise in Küstengebiete des Rothen Meeres, pp. 11, 13, 1877.
 " " " var. *africanus*, Kossmann, *tom. cit.*, pp. 11, 14, 1877.
 " " " var. *indicus*, Kossmann, *tom. cit.*, pp. 11, 14, 1877.

An adult male was obtained in the Torres Straits, August 1874.

It belongs to what is regarded as the typical condition of this very variable species, having but a single accessory spinule on each of the corneæ of the rostrum (Crust. H.M.S. "Alert," p. 197).

Adult ♂.	Lines.	Millims.
Length of carapace and rostrum,	16½	35·5
Breadth of carapace, rather over	11	23·5
Length of a chelipede,	21·5	46
Length of first ambulatory leg,	18½	39·5

This example, as the measurements show (although adult) is not of very large size. The chelipedes are not so greatly developed as in very large males, and the dactyli are much less strongly arcuated.

Subfamily 3. MICIPPINÆ.

Micippinæ, Miers, Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond. (Zool.), vol. xiv. p. 660, 1879.

Carapace somewhat oblong-oval or sub-oblong. Rostrum vertically or nearly vertically deflexed; usually broad, lamellate. Chelipedes with the fingers acute at the

¹ Herbst suspected the habitat of his type might be American. In the small specimens in the British Museum collection the fingers are distally acute, and scarcely, if at all, excavated.