

J. G. Garson of four male Yahgans from Tierra del Fuego gave a mean sacral length 103·2 mm., and a mean sacral breadth 112·2 mm., the mean sacral index being 109, and in each specimen this index was above 100. In the South American Indians, therefore, I have little doubt that the mean breadth of the sacrum exceeds the mean length, so that the aborigines both in the north and south of that continent, as well as the Fuegian Islanders, are platyhieric.

From this analysis of my own measurements and of those of other anatomists it is clear that the proportion of the length to the breadth of the sacrum varies in different races of mankind. In some it is the rule to find it longer than broad, in others broader than long. Although additional observations are still greatly needed, especially on some of the races, yet it seems possible to make a provisional arrangement of the races of men into two groups, according as the sacral index is below or above 100, and in Table IX., as in the preceding one based on the index of the pelvic brim, the proportions are estimated on the measurements in the male sex.

A comparison of Table VIII., framed on the index of the pelvic brim (p. 45), with Table IX. will show that in many instances a dolichopellic brim is conjoined with a dolichohieric sacrum. For example, this is the case in the Australians, Bushmen, Kaffirs, Andaman Islanders, Ainos, and Malays. Again, a platypellic brim is conjoined with a platyhieric sacrum, as in the Europeans, American Indians, and probably the Guanches, Lapps, and the Esquimaux. The pelves which I have arranged in the mesatipellic, or

TABLE IX.

DOLICHOHIERIC. <i>Sacral Index below 100.</i>	PLATYHIERIC. <i>Sacral Index above 100.</i>
Australians Bushmen Hottentots Kaffirs Andaman Islanders Tasmanians Malays Chinese? Aïno?	Europeans Negros Melanesians? Polynesians? Hindoos Guanches? Esquimaux? Lapps? North American Indians South American Indians Fuegians

intermediate division, partly belong, as regards the proportions of the sacrum, as in the Negros, to the platyhieric group, and partly, as in the Tasmanians, to the dolichohieric group. As the width of the pelvic brim is materially influenced by the breadth of the