except by the dividing line, is unrecognisable from the rest of the shell; the base is round, produced and oblique. Suture horizontal, deeply and strongly channelled, with a sharp edge below the channel. Mouth rather straight, semicircular. Outer lip sharp, freely curved, a little inverted above and patulous below. Inner lip oblique, direct and flat, a little concave; its attachment to the body is very short indeed; it is there somewhat broadly reverted, in the middle it is but slightly so; below at the pillar-point where the umbilical callus twists out it is again broader. Umbilicus is small but open, being very little covered by the inner lip; a narrow, sharpish, but small callus, very low placed, comes coiling down very steeply and forms the point of the pillar, and has a rather strong furrow below it, emarginating the lip edge slightly. H. 0.28 in. B. 0.24. Penultimate whorl, height 0.07. Mouth, height 0.2, breadth 0.15.

I do not know any species of Natica with which to compare this: making allowance for the umbilicus, for the thinner shell, for the lower spire, for the broader form, and for the deeper suture, Natica islandica, Gm., is as like as any. It strangely recalls some of the genus Amphibola, such for instance as Amphibola fragilis, Lam., or Amphibola tenuis, Gray, or Amphibola burmana, Blandford.

12. Natica insularum, n. sp. (Plate XXVIII. fig. 2).

Station 192. September 26, 1874. Lat. 5° 49' 15" S., long. 132° 14' 15" E. Ki Islands, south-west of Papua. 140 fathoms. Blue mud.

Shell.—Light, globose, umbilicate, with a blunt scalar spire, and a large slightly oblique mouth, a polished, finely striated surface of a rich creamy white colour, barred with two broad, interrupted, purply chestnut spiral bands. Sculpture : Longitudinals-the whole surface is scored with much-curved hair-like lines of growth, which below the suture are Spirals-there are close-set, fine, crimped, flexuous, scratch-like markings, strongish. with very obsolete small furrows; below the suture is a broadish, shelving, flat or slightly concave shoulder, very obscurely defined by an obsolete angulation; the lip of the umbilicus is formed by a broad, flat, very feeble cord. Colour: a subochraccous or rich creamy white, the colour being slightly richer below the suture; there are two widely separated bands of angular, distant, purply chestnut spots. Of these bands the upper, composed of much the largest and most distant spots, lies a good way above the periphery ; the other, which is a narrower band, lies somewhat more remote below. Epidermis-none remaining. Spire short, broad, conical, scalar. Apex small, polished, pale chestnut, barely prominent; it consists of 21 whorls. Whorls 6 in all, tumid, well-rounded; the last is very large. Suture strongly marked, very slightly channelled. Mouth little oblique; though the pillar is slightly so, somewhat semicircular, open, white within, except for the stains of the external bands which shine through the shell. Outer lip (a good deal chipped) : it is very slightly flattened above ; below this its curve is very regular throughout.