Station 203. October 31, 1874 . Lat. $11^{\circ} 6^{\prime}$ N., long. $123^{\circ} 9^{\prime}$ E. Philippines. 20 fathoms. Mud.

Habitat.—China (British Museum) ; Philippines (Deshayes) ; Torres Strait, 20 fathoms (Brazier).
13. Terebra (Myurella) turrita, E. A. Smith (Pl. XIV. fig. 8).

Terebra (Myurella) turrita, E. A. Smith, Ann. and Mag., 4th ser., 1873, vol xi. p. 266.
September 8, 1874. Cape York, off Albany Island, Torres Strait. 3 to 12 fathoms.
Habitat.-Torres Strait (E. A. Smith).
The whorls in the Challenger specimen, while of equal height with those of the British Museum specimen, are slightly broader. . The figure is drawn from the specimen in the British Museum, which, like that of the Challenger, is from Torres Strait.
14. Terebra (Myurella) undulata, Gray.

Terebra undulata, Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond., 1834, p. 60.

| " | " | ds in Sowerby's Thes, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| " |  | Deshayes, Review of Terebra, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond, 1859, p. 298, sp. 120. |
| " | " | Reeve, Conch. Icon, vol. xii. pl. xviii. fig. 83. |
| " |  | Brazier, "Chevert" Exped. Shells, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South W vol. i. p. 255, No. 31. |
|  |  | Tryon, Manual, vol. vii. p. 22, pl vi. figs. 4, |

July 29, 1874. Levuka, Fiji. 12 fathoms.
Station 212. January 30, 1875 . Lat. $6^{\circ} 54^{\prime}$ N., long. $122^{\circ} 18^{\prime}$ E. Off Malanipa, Basilan Strait, Philippines. 10 to 20 fathoms. Sand.

Habitat.-New Guinea and Straits of Malacca (Deshayes) ; Philippines (Reeve) ; Bow Island, Papua (Hinds); Torres Strait, near low-water mark (Brazier).
15. Terebra (Myurella) mamillata, ${ }^{1}$ n. sp. (Pl. XVI. fig. 1).

Station 204 a or B. Nov. 2, 1874. Lat. $12^{\circ} 43^{\prime}$ S., long. $122^{\circ} 10^{\prime}$ E. Philippines. 100 to 115 fathoms. Green mud.

Shell.-Not large, but narrow and long, harshly sculptured, and with a remarkably large mamillate apex. Sculpture: Longitudinals-there are on each whorl about 20 rather slight curved and oblique ribs, which on the last whorl bend forward on the base and are in this way anteriorly concave; besides these the whole surface is finely puckered. Spirals-each whorl is scored with three bands and three strong furrows; of the bands the ${ }^{1}$ The name.is derived from the form of the apex.

