9. Oliva (Olivella) cphamilla,<sup>1</sup> Watson (Pl. XIII. fig. 10).

Oliva (Olivella) ephamilla, Watson, Prelim. Report, pt. 12, Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., vol. xvi. p. 342.

Station 122. September 10, 1873. Lat. 9° 5' S., long. 34° 50' W. Off Pernambuco. 350 fathoms. Red mud.

Shell.—Very small, oblong, glossy, white, with a high blunt spire, a conical base, and a long narrow mouth. Sculpture: Longitudinals—the lines of growth are barely recognisable. Spirals—there is scarcely a faint appearance of these. Colour probably porcellanous white in the living specimen. Spire high, convexly conical, minutely scalar from a very small projection below the suture. Apex bluntly rounded. Whorls  $4\frac{1}{2}$ , with a minute projection below the suture, very slightly convex at the sides. Suture minutely perpendicularly<sup>2</sup> channelled. Mouth oblong, small, pointed, and deeply channelled above, slightly narrowed below. Outer lip sharp, prominent, regularly arched from the body to the point of the pillar, not being in the slightest degree emarginate in front. Inner lip: there is a thick, irregular-edged pad, which in front scarcely coils round the front of the bent, twisted, short, truncated, and toothless pillar. H. 0.16 in. B. 0.07. Penultimate whorl, height 0.04. Mouth, height 0.09, breadth 0.03.

The name of this little species is meant to signalise its remarkable resemblance to some of the minute Achatinas, such as *Cionella acicula*, Müll, or something between that and *Lovea leacociana*, Lowe. Thinking, from the figure, that it approached *Oliva tehuelchana*, d'Orb., I asked Mr E. A. Smith to compare it with the type of that species preserved in the British Museum. He replies : "I am sure that your shell is not *Oliva tehuelchana*, d'Orb. This has the whorls flat at the sides and separated by a sharply defined groove at the sutures; yours has the whorls a little convex in outline and differently canaliculate at the sutures." Than *Oliva myridiana*, Duclos, this Challenger shell is much larger, is different in colour and texture, and has a much coarser spire and apex.

## 10. Oliva (Olivella) vitilia, Watson (Pl. XIII. fig. 8).

Oliva (Olivella) vitilia, Watson, Prelim. Report, pt. 12, Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., vol. xvi. p. 342.

Station 24. March 25, 1874. Lat. 18° 38' 30" N., long. 65° 5' 30" W. Off Culebra Island, West Indies. 390 fathoms. Pteropod ooze.

Shell.—Small, oval, glossy, with a short, blunt, subscalar spire, and in front blunt and rather deeply sinuated. Sculpture scarcely any. Colour porcellanous. Spire very short, roundedly conical, subscalar from the cylindrical rise of the whorls out of the perpendicularly sunk sutural channel. Apex very blunt and rather large, impressed. Whorls 5, very short, except the last, which occupies nearly the whole shell, rounded

iφάμιλλος, a match for another.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> I.e., parallel to the axis, in which sense I would propose to use the word "axially."