EXPLANATION OF THE PLATES.

I am indebted to Professor Moseley for the drawings of *Hypobythius calycodes*, from which figures 1, 2 and 5 on Plate XXXVII. have been prepared. Figure 1 on Plate XVIII. is taken from a careful drawing executed for Mr. Murray by Mr. George West.

With the exception of these four, all the figures have been lithographed by Mr. Frederick Huth, jun., from my own drawings, supplemented, in the case of a few of the views of the external appearance, by the actual specimen represented.

It may be well to mention that some of the branchial sacs represented are "combination figures," formed of small portions from several different specimens pieced together. It was necessary to adopt this plan, in order to show the various important points of structure within the compass of a reasonably small figure.

With the exception of a few which are only slightly enlarged, all the magnified figures were drawn as seen by one of the following combinations, and are marked in the explanations with the number of the objective used:—

Hartnack, obj. 4, with medium ocular $= \times 50$ Hartnack, obj. 5, ,, ,, $= \times 180$ Hartnack, obj. 7, ,, , $= \times 330$ Hartnack, obj. 10 (water immersion), $= \times 750$ Zeiss, obj. $\frac{1}{12}$ (oil immersion), with ocular $4 = \times 950$

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS.

a.		the anus.	cap.			the capillaries.
at. .	•	the atrial aperture.	c.b.a.			the central brown area in the endo-
at.n.		the nerves arising from the atrial				style.
		end of the ganglion.	c.d.			the connecting duct in the branchial
at.t.		atrial tentacles.				sac.
b.c.	*	the blood corpuscles.	d.l.			the dorsal lamina.
bl.		the bladder cells in the test.	d.t.			the dorsal tubercle.
br.		the branchial aperture.	e.l.		•	the external longitudinal vessels in
br.f.		the longitudinal folds in the bran-				the branchial sac.
		chial sac.	en.	•		the endostyle.
br.n.	*	the nerves arising from the bran-	f.	•	•	fibres in the test.
		chial end of the ganglion.	g.			the hermaphrodite genital mass.