Table of Species of Ophiothrix-continued.

		Table of Species of Ophiloni in Contact
compared with disk, 3-20: 1.	1 1	to disk 9:1. Radial shields small. Disk beset with minute thorny stumps. Under arm plates much wider than long, with counded corners,
		to disk 9:1. Outer edge of upper arm plates in three lobes. Upper disk naked, with numerous interbrachial radiating rows of scales,
		to disk 9:1. Upper disk with a few rough grains. Only a few (five to seven) radiating scale rows in each interbrachial ophiothrix propingua.
	Arm	to disk 15:1. Upper disk with a few rough grains. In each interbrachial space only three or four large scales, $\ldots$ Ophiothrix nereidina.
	]	to disk 15-20:1. Large species. Upper disk densely set with thorny grains or stumps. Interbrachial scaling obscured,
		to disk 12:1. Disk above and below beset with tapering thorny spines, of which few or none on radial shields,
		to disk 15:1. Only three to four radiating lines of scales in each interbrachial space. A few stumps in centre of disk. At each arm joint a double blue cross line,
	es diameter	Arm to disk 3:1. Upper arm plates narrow, swollen, oval. Lowest arm spine a hook, even at base of arm,
		Arm to disk $3\frac{1}{2}$ : 1. Upper arm plates fan-shaped with inner angle truncated. Lowest arm spine a hook, even at base of arm,
		Arm to disk 5:1. Disk covered with star-headed stumps, as in the two preceding, but with a few spines mingled. Under arm plates with outer side cleanly curved,
		Arm to disk 4:1. Disk beset with forked or trifid stumps without spines. Under arm plates cleanly curved without. Lowest arm spines a hook, even at base of arm,
		Arm to disk 7:1. Disk beset with slender trifid stumps. Under arm plates as broad as long, curved without, and with converging lateral sides,
		Arm to disk 5:1. Small short, stout stumps, with thorny crowns on upper disk and radial shields. Upper arm plates short, truncated fan-shape, with arm spines encroaching between them, .
		Arm to disk $9-12:1$ . Disk covering consists of minute stumps, with thorny heads. Similar stumps on upper arm plates,
		Upper arm plates with a longitudinal keel. Disk covering consists of minute cylinders. Arm spines with seven thorns on each edge,
		Arm to disk 9:1. In each interbrachial space are eight to fourteen radiating rows of scales. Disk covering above, thorny stumps, which lengthen below into short spines,
		Arm to disk 13:1. Disk about as in Ophiothrix longipeda (same, half grown?), but its stumps are scarcely thorny. The micro- scopic tuberculation of upper arm plates is also finer,
	Arms 1	Arm to disk 18:1. Disk about as in Ophiothrix hirsuta, but there are about twenty radiating rows of scales in each interbrachial space,

Radial shields naked Arms long and flat; as compared with disk, 9-20:1.

Both disk and radial shields closely beset with thorny stumps, or short spines.