82 to 1340	*(1)Terebratella frielii, Dav., Proc. Roy. Soc., vol. xxvii. p. 438, 1878. More material needed.	Near Halifax, 1340 fathoms; Philippine Islands, 82 to 102 fathoms.
15	Terebratella rubicunda, Solander, MS. Donovan, Nat. Rep., p. 56, figs. 2-4 = Waltonia valenciennesi, Dav. (young). Terebratula inconspicua, W. Dall, is, I believe, the young of Magasella rubicunda. This is a good and abundant species.	Dusky Bay, Cook's Straits, Sindare Head, New Zealand.
20 to 600	Terebratella spitzbergenensis, Dav., Proc. Zool. Soc., p. 78, 1852. An abundant and well-characterised species.	Huntoopus Strait, Spitzbergen; Iceland; Wellington Channel, Davis Strait (Jeffreys); Gulf of St Lawrence; North Japan (A. Adams); Shetland (Jeffreys). Fossil: Upper Tertiaries, Scandinavia (Lyell), Canada.
(3)	Terebratella rubiginosa, Dall, Am. Journ. Conch., vol. vi. p. 122, pl. vi. fig. 4, 1870.	Cape of Good Hope.
Low water to about 20 fathoms.	Terebratella transversa, Sow., Thes. Conch., vol. i. p. 261, pl. lxxii. figs. 114, 115, 1846 = Ter. caurina, Gould. A very variable species; in some examples the ribs are evanescent, the shell being almost smooth, in other examples the ribs are strongly marked.	Shumargin Islands to Oregon, Coal Harbour, Shumargins; Sconidi Islands; Kadiak; Port Etches; Sitka Harbour (Dall); Victoria (J. Richardson Hepburn); Neeah Bay, Swan; Puget Sound, Kennery, Oregon (United States Expedition).
(1)	(1) Terebratella (1) labradorensis, Sow., Thes. Conch., p. 362, pl. lxxi. figs. 89, 90, 1846. Type in British Museum; species requiring more investigation.	Labrador (?).
(1)	(?) Terebratella algoensis, Sow., Thes. Conch., p. 362, pl. lxxi. figs. 91-192, 1846. Genus undetermined, species uncertain, known from only one valve in British Museum.	Algoa Bay.
(1)	(1) Terebratella lamanoni, Schrenk, Poulette de la Côte de Tartarie; Lamanon, Voyage de la Perousie, 1797; and Schrenk, Reisen und Forschungen in Amur-Land in den Jahren, 1851–56, p. 468. The type cannot be found at the Jardin des Plantes, so that the species is known but from the figures and description of Lamanon. It has been suggested that it might be the same as Ter. miniata, Gould (1).	Sea of Tartary.