

Corchorus olitorius, Linn.

Corchorus olitorius, Linn. ; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., i. p. 397 ; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., i. 2, p. 195 ; Benth., Fl. Austr., i. p. 276 ; Oliver, Fl. Trop. Afr., i. p. 262.

TIMOR LAUT.—Often cultivated as a pot-herb, as well as for the fibres of its stem, and found in a wild state throughout the tropics.

Corchorus acutangulus, Lam.

Corchorus acutangulus, Lam. ; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., i. 2, p. 194 ; Benth., Fl. Austr., i. p. 277 ; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., i. p. 398.

TIMOR LAUT.—Generally dispersed in the tropics of the Old World, and occurring in some parts of South America, where, however, it may have been introduced.

Corchorus trilocularis, Linn.

Corchorus trilocularis, Linn. ; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., i. p. 397 ; Oliver, Fl. Trop. Afr., i. p. 262 ; Muell., Syst. Census Austr. Pl., p. 17.

TIMOR LAUT.—Common in Tropical Asia and Africa, but only recorded from Queensland in Australia.

MALPIGHIACEÆ.

Ryssopterys timorensis, Blume.

Ryssopterys timorensis, Blume ; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., i. 2, p. 584 ; Benth., Fl. Austr., i. p. 285.

WETTER.—Northern Australia, New Caledonia, and New Guinea to the Philippines and Java. Seed-vessel winged like that of the Sycamore. There are several other species in the Indian Archipelago.

Tristellateia australasica, A. Rich.

Tristellateia australasica, A. Rich. ; Benth., Fl. Austr., i. p. 286 ; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., i. p. 418 ; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., i. 2, p. 585.

ARROU ; KI ; TIMOR LAUT.—North Australia, through New Guinea and the Archipelago to Singapore. Fruit winged.

ZYGOPHYLLÆ.

Tribulus cistoides, Linn.

Tribulus cistoides, Linn. ; Benth., Fl. Austr., i. p. 288 ; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., i. p. 423 ; H. Mann in Proc. Amer. Acad., vii. p. 158.

KI ; TIMOR LAUT.—Common in Tropical Australia, Sandwich Islands, and many parts of America ; rarer in Tropical Asia and Africa. Seemann does not mention it in his Flora Vitiensis, and it does not appear to reach any of the South Pacific Islands. Seed-vessel furnished with spines.