CANARY ISLANDS AND MADEIRA.

The Composite number about 150 species, whereof half are endemic. Bentham (loc. cit., p. 563) says:—" The insular tendency to a more shrubby form than their continental congeners or allies is also exhibited in Allagopappus, Vieræa, Gonospermum, Chrysanthemum, Senecio, and Sonchus; but there is nothing of the arborescent or highly differentiated character of the Petrobium of St Helena, of the Dendroseris and others of Juan Fernandez, or of the Fitchia of the South Sea Islands."

In this comparison, as in that concerning the Galapagos Compositæ, Bentham seems to have entertained an exaggerated idea of the stature of the St Helena and Juan Fernandez woody members of the order. As already mentioned, Bertero gives the height of three of the larger species of Dendroseris as ten to fifteen feet. Two or three of the Madeiran and Canary Island species of Sonchus, a genus of the same suborder as Dendroseris, attain to about the same size. Thus Sonchus fruticosus, Linn. f., is described by Lowe (Manual of the Flora of Madeira, i. p. 552) in the following words:-"Almost subarborescent, and gigantic in all its parts, being from four or five to ten or twelve feet high, with a trunk often as thick as the arm, and the ultimate branches as thick as the forefinger, ending in large spreading or radiating tufts of leaves." The habit of the species of *Dendroseris* represented in Guillemin's Archives de Botanique, i. t. 9, from Gay's drawings, executed in Juan Fernandez, agrees exactly with the foregoing description. Sonchus arboreus, DC., a Canary Island species, attains similar dimensions; and Senecio kleinia, Schulz Bip., from the same group, equally deserves the appellation "arboreous;" while several of these find their counterparts among the dwarfer species of Dendroseris, &c. Finally, Centaurea arborea, Webb, is described as "Frutex speciosissimus. 12-pedalis."

ST HELENA.

Genera.	Number of Species.	Suborder.	Affinities of Genus or Species.	Distribution of Genus.
Commidendron	4	Asteroideæ	Andine and Australasian	Endemic.
Melanodendron	1	Asteroideæ	Andine and Australasian	Endemic.
Psiadia	1	Asteroideæ	African	Africa, Mascarene Islands.
Petrobium	1	Helianthoideæ	Andine and Chilian	Endemic.
Senecio	2	Senecionideæ	African and Australasian species	General.

In regard to size, if not in height, a few of the larger of the arboreous Compositæ of St Helena considerably surpass those of the islands already considered; although, as we