## PLATE IV.

## Spirula peronii.

- Fig. 1.—Right side; the walls of the mantle and of the episoma behind it are cut away.
  - a. Posterior limit of the pallial cavity.
  - g.s. Ganglion stellatum.
  - I.m.r. Retractor muscle of the infundibulum.—Other letters as in the foregoing plates.
- Fig. 2.—Right side; dissection carried further.
  - a, b. Style introduced into an apparently natural aperture on the inner side of the stem of the right branchia.
  - br. Stump of the stem of the right branchia.
  - br.a. Afferent branchial vessel.
  - br.h. Branchial heart.
  - c.s. Cardiac sac of the stomach.
  - o.m. Root of the ovary.
  - w". Passage connecting the right and left divisions of the viscero-pericardial cavity.—Other letters as before.
- Fig. 3.—Left side; the wall of the episoma removed.
  - a. The visceral wall of the pallial cavity cut away.
  - b. Wide artificial opening.
  - ov. Ova.
- Fig. 4.—Aspect of fig. 3, showing the contents of the viscero-pericardial cavity after the mass of the ova was removed.
  - a. Appendage of the left branchial heart.
  - b. Style introduced into an artificial opening of the viscero-pericardial cavity.
  - br.h'. Left branchial heart.
  - o.d. Oviduct.
  - p.c. Pancreatic cæca.
  - p.s. Pyloric spiral sac of the stomach.
  - p.t.n. "Peritoneal" sac.—Other letters as before.
- Fig. 5.—Upper part of the same aspect as fig. 4, with the left branchia turned down.
  - a. Style.
  - br.a. Afferent branchial vessel.
  - M. Projection formed by the left accessory nidamental gland.
  - w'. Artificial aperture in the viscero-pericardial cavity.