Fabr. Ent. Syst. ii. 516. Latr. Hist. Nat. Crust. vi. 316. Mont. Linn. Trans. ix. t. 4. f. 2. Desm. Cons. 267, t. 45, f. 8. Cancer p., Linn. Syst. Nat. Geoff. Ins. Par. ii. 667. a-c. Ireland. Presented by J. Thompson, Esq.;" 8. G. Sabinii, Leach; 9 "Gammarus Boreus, Sabine, App. to Parry's First Voy. 229. Ross's Second Voy. Suppl. 88. Gammarus arcticus, Leach, MSS. a. b. Adult. Baffin's Bay. c-e. Young. Baffin's Bay. f-g. Spitzbergen. Presented by the Admiralty," a species which Boeck unites with Gammarus locusta. 10. "Gammarus ornatus, Edwards, Ann. Sc. Nat. xx. 372, t. 10, f. 9-10. Crust. iii. 47. Gamm Redmanni, Leach, MSS. a-c. North America. From the collection of Lieut. Redman; " 11. "Gammarus glacialis, Leach, MSS. a, b. Spitzbergen;" 12. "Gammarus acanthonotus, Leach, MSS. a-;" 13. "Gammarus Zete, n. s. a, b-;" 14. G. mucronatus, Say, presented by Say, for which see Note on Say, 1818; 15. "Gammarus glaber, Spinola, MSS. a, b. Mediterranean. Presented by M. Spinola," a species identified by Sp. Bate with Lysianassa costa, Edw.; 16. G. grossimanus, Mont. and 17. G. longimanus. For the last two, "Mæra grossim., Leach," and "Mæra, longi., Leach, MSS.," which White gives as synonyms, are now preferred as the established names, but each with the termination -manus rather than -mana. By Spence Bate Gammarus Boreus, Sabine, is accepted as a distinct species, with G. glacialis, Leach, and G. Arcticus, Leach, as synonyms, the remark being made that "this species closely resembles Gammarus ornatus, from which it appears to differ only in some minute details of the gnathopoda." The Brit. Mus. Catalogue likewise gives as a distinct species, "Gammarus Redmanni, Leach, MS. B.M.," with the synonym "Gammarus ornatus, White, Cat. Crust. B.M. 1847 (not Edwards)," and the remark, "This species resembles Gammarus ornatus, but microscopic examination of the gnathopoda exhibits a distinction."

- "After the Gammari the list gives "Vertumnus, Leach. Vertumnus Cranchii, Leach, MSS. a-d. Falmouth. From the collection of Dr. Leach," since identified by Boeck with Epimeria cornigera, Fabricius, 1779. After Leucothoe articulosa, Montagu's Devonshire species, "Leucothoe — a, b. Mediterranean (Genoa)," is given. Then come Cerapus pelagicus, Edw., identified with Jassa pel., Leach ; and Cerapus falcatus, as a name for "Cancer (Gammarus) falcatus, Mont.," and "Cerapus pelagicus p., Edw. Crust. iii. 61. (not Jassa pel., Leach)." These are followed by Podocerus variegatus, Leach, and Podocerus pulchellus (=Jassa pulchella, Leach), all the last four in White's list being now recognised as forms of a single Corophium longicorne, Latr., is given with various authorities, and the synonyms species. "Gammarus long., Fabr. Ent. Syst. ii. 516. Roemer. Gen. Ins. t. 33. f. 6. Astacus linearis, Pennant, Brit. Zool. iv. 17, t. 16, f. 31. Oniscus volutator, Pallas, Spic. Zool. ix. 59 t. 4, f. 9." Next is "Nemertes, Leach. Nemertes neswoides, Leach. a-d. Britain. From the collection of Dr. Leach," identified by W. Thomson, 1847, with Chelura terebrans, Philippi, 1839. Atylus carinatus, Fabr., and Unciola irrorata, Say, presented by Say, conclude the Gammaridæ.
- The Hyperiadæ are represented by "Hyperia Latreillii," Edw., with "Hiella Orbignii, Strauss," for a synonym; by Hyperia galba, with the synonyms "Cancer (Gammarus) galba, Mont.," and "Callianira, g. Leach, m. n.;" by Metoecus cyaneæ, Edw., with the synonyms "Talitrus Cy., Sabine" and "Hyperia Cy. Edw.," the whole of which group is united into a single species by Boeck as Hyperia Medusarum, O. F. Müller, 1776. Before Metoecus cyaneæ, the list gives Metoecus medusarum, Krøyer, with the synonym Oniscus Med. O. Fabr., for which see Note on Krøyer, 1838. The next species is thus entered, "Primno, Guerin. Primno Guerinii. a. Atlantic Ocean (S. Lat. 8° E. Long. 46°). Congo Expedition." No notice is taken of this species in the Brit. Mus. Catalogue, where Guérin's type-species, Primno macropa, is figured and described. The list next gives Phronima sedentaria, Forsk., and Phronima atlantica, Guerin; concluding the Hyperiadæ with "Typhis monoculoides. Cancer (Gammarus) mon., Montagu, Linn. Trans. ii. [xi.]t. 2. f. 3. a. South coast of Devon.