

minimum areas of distribution, because all doubtful indications have been removed from it):—

	Arctic.	North Atlantic.	South-West African.	Indian Ocean.	Australasian.	West Pacific.	East Australian.	North Pacific.	South-East Pacific.	Antarctic.
<i>Dexiobrachæa</i> , . . .		+						+	+	
<i>Spongiobrachæa</i> , . . .										+
<i>Pneumonoderma</i> , . . .		+	+	+	+				+	
<i>Clionopsis</i> ,		+						+		
<i>Notobrachæa</i> ,		+	+ ¹				+ ²			
<i>Clione</i> ,	+	+					+ ³			
<i>Halopsyche</i> ,					+	+				

With respect to the species of Gymnosomata, the following list shows how they are distributed in the different provinces.

C. THE SPECIES OF GYMNOSOMATA ARRANGED IN PROVINCES.

I. Arctic Province.

Clione limacina.

II. North Atlantic Province.

Dexiobrachæa paucidens.

*⁴ *Dexiobrachæa ciliata*.

Pneumonoderma mediterraneum, also V.

* *Pneumonoderma violaceum*.

Clionopsis krohni.

Clionopsis grandis, also V.

Notobrachæa macdonaldi.

Clione longicaudata.

Clione flavescens.

III. South-West African Province.

Pneumonoderma peroni, also IV. and V.

¹ *Olio capensis*, Rang.

² The "trigonal tailed *Olio*" of Macdonald; see pp. 41, 43.

³ The "*Olio caudata*" of Macdonald.

⁴ Species marked with an asterisk have been collected in the province by the Challenger Expedition.