

Carpilodes bellus (Dana).

Actæodes bellus, Dana, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad., p. 78, 1852; U.S. Explor. Exped., vol. xiii., Crust. 1, p. 196, pl. xi. fig. 2, 1852.

Actæa bella, A. Milne Edwards, Nouv. Archiv. Mus. Hist. Nat., vol. i. p. 261, 1865.

Philippines, Samboangan, beach. A small male.

In the specimen referred to this species (which agrees very well with the description and figure of Dana) the basal joint of the antennæ is produced a little within the hiatus, between the inner subocular lobe of the orbit and the lateral subfrontal process, it is therefore referred to *Carpilodes* rather than to *Actæodes*, with the species of which genus it altogether corresponds in external appearance.

In the structure of the antennæ this specimen agrees with examples referred to *Carpilodes bellus* from the Samoa and Keeling or Cocos Islands, in the collection of the British (Natural History) Museum.

Adult ♂.		Lines.	Millims.
Length of carapace,	. . . . .	3	6.5
Breadth of carapace, about	. . . . .	4½	9.5

Zozymus, Leach.

Zosimus, Leach, Dict. d. Sci. Nat., vol. xii. p. 75, 1818.

Zozymus, Milne Edwards (pt.) Hist. Nat. Crust., vol. i. p. 383, 1834.

This genus represents in the section or subfamily Chlorodiinæ, Dana, the genus *Lophozozymus* in the Xanthinæ; it can in fact only be distinguished from *Lophozozymus* by the excavated finger tips of the chelipedes, and by the more numerous and uniform bosses or lobules of the carapace and exterior surface of the carpus and wrist of the chelipedes.

The species, as at present restricted, are few in number, and inhabit the Indo-Pacific region; they are *Zozymus æneus* (Linné), common throughout the Indo-Pacific region, from the Red Sea and Mauritius to the Polynesian Islands; *Zozymus gemmula*, Dana, from Sooloo, with which *Zozymus pilosus*, A. Milne Edwards, from New Caledonia, is perhaps identical, and which is distinguished by the somewhat granulated tubercles of the carapace, and the non-carinated palms of the chelipedes; *Zozymus pumilus*, Jacquinot and Lucas, from the Marianna Islands.¹

Zozymus æneus (Linné).

Cancer æneus, Linné, Mus. Lud. Ulrici, p. 451, 1764; Syst. Nat., ed. 12, p. 1048, 1766.

Zozymus æneus, Milne Edwards, Hist. Nat. Crust., vol. i. p. 385, 1834, et synonyma.

„ „ Dana, U.S. Explor. Exped., vol. xiii., Crust. 1, p. 192, pl. x. fig. 3, 1852.

Kandavu, Fiji Islands, on the reefs (two adult males).

Adult ♂.		Lines.	Millims.
Length of carapace,	. . . . .	24½	52
Breadth of carapace to base, about	. . . . .	34	72.5

¹ *Zozymus lævis*, Dana, from Balabac Passage, probably does not belong to this genus.