and an excessively sharp tip. Sculpture none. Colour pure very glossy transparent white. Apex quite extraordinarily small, not perfectly regular, being slightly pinched-in at the very tip, which is rounded but slightly acuminated, and not perfectly symmetrical. Spire very high and narrow, nearly but not quite straight, one side being slightly more oblique than the other. Whorls 8, almost perfectly flat-sided except towards the tip, where they are slightly rounded. Suture rather oblique, scarcely impressed except towards the tip, where it is a little distinct; the septum between the whorls shines through the shell, and of course makes the suture easily recognisable. Mouth pear-shaped, but a little truncated in front. Outer lip almost straight, arched at the outer basal corner, and a little straight in front; its edge is deeply sinuated above, prominent in the middle, and very retreating in front, where it forms a broad deep gutter. Inner lip: a thin narrow glaze with a defined edge crosses the body and extends down the pillar, on which it is expanded and slightly twisted; from the upper corner of the mouth to the point of the pillar the line is nearly straight or very slightly concave. H. 0.1 in. B. 0.02. Penultimate whorl, height 0.01. Tip of apex, breadth 0.002. Mouth, height 0.024, breadth 0.01.

This species, which is much smaller than Eulima oxytata, Wats., is very like a young form of that species, but it increases more rapidly, so that it has a whorl more than a specimen of Eulima oxytata of the same size; the apex is as small, but is the last thing more abruptly contracted. The Eulima manzoniana, Issel, from the Red Sea, is larger for the number of whorls, somewhat broader in proportion to the length, the suture is less oblique, and the base is longer and more rounded.

11. Eulima acerrima, Watson (Pl. XXXVI. fig 1).

Eulima acerrima, Watson, Prelim. Report, pt. 17, Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., vol. xvii. p. 118, sp. 9.

Station 1858. August 31, 1874. Lat. 11° 38′ 15″ S., long. 143° 59′ 38″ E. Raine Island, Cape York, North Australia. 155 fathoms. Coral sand.

Shell.—Small, straight, high and narrow, translucent, with slightly impressed suture, flat-sided whorls, a long slowly attenuated and scarcely rounded base, a very long pear-shaped flat-ended mouth, and an excessively sharp tip. Sculpture none. Colour glossy, translucent white with a tinge of yellow in the middle of the whorls. Apex excessively minute, not quite symmetrical as the tip rises on one side. Spire high and narrow, almost but not quite symmetrical in its profile-lines. Whorls 12, very nearly quite flat-sided, but towards the tip a little convex. Suture rather oblique, scarcely impressed but defined by the septum, which shines through the shell. Mouth long, pear-shaped, but a little truncated in front. Outer lip scarcely in the slightest degree convex, not patulous except in front, where it forms a shallow gutter; its edge is deeply sinuated above, very prominently rounded in the middle, and slightly retreating in front. Inner lip almost quite straight to the point of the pillar, where the meeting with the gutter-edge is very abrupt and almost angulated; the defined-edged glaze spreads a little on the body and runs