9. Triton (Lagena) magellanicus (Chemnitz).

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Murex magellanicus, Chemnitz, Conch. Cab., vol. x. p. 275, pl. clxiv. fig. 1570.

Dillwyn, Cat., vol. ii. p. 725, sp. 87. ...

Triton cancellatum, Lamarck, Anim. s. vert., vol. vii. p. 187, and (ed. Desh.) vol. ix. p. 638, sp. 24. Encycl. méthod., vers, pl. ccccxv. fig. 1. 33 ,,

Kiener, Iconog., p. 35, sp. 36, pl. xvi. fig. 1. ,,

Fusus cancellatus, Reeve, Conch. Icon., vol. v. pl. xvi. fig. 62.

Triton (Argobuccinum) cancellatus, Kobelt, Jahrb. deutsch. malak. Gesellsch., 1878, p. 368, sp. 112. ••

cancellatus, Kobelt, Conch. Cab. (ed. Küster), p. 246, sp. 94, pl. lxvi. fig. 1.

(Priene) cancellatus, Tryon, Manual, vol. iii. p. 34, pl. xvi. figs. 164-167, pl. xvii. figs. 170-172. ,,

Lat. 46° 48' S., long. 37° 49' 30" E. Station 144A. December 26, 1873. Off Marion Island. 69 fathoms. Volcanic sand.

Station 309 (?). January 5, 1876. Lat. 50° 56' S., long. 74° 15' W. South-west Patagonia. 40 fathoms. Blue mud.

Habitat.-Straits of Magellan (Chemnitz); Cape Horn (British Museum).

The Murex magellanicus of Lamarck having recovered its proper specific name of (Trophon) geversianus, given it by Pallas, there is no excuse for following Lamarck in depriving this Triton of the name given it by Chemnitz, and that the more since there are scabrous questions of priority as to the name Murcx cancellatus which were better avoided altogether.

Mr Tryon (loc. cit.) quotes Dr P. Carpenter in support of his opinion that Triton oregonensis, Redfield, is synonymous with this species. Mr Tryon, however, overlooks the fact that it is with Triton cancellatus, von Middendorff, "not Lamarck," that Dr Carpenter accepts Triton oregonensis as synonymous. This any one will see on consulting the British Association Report on Moll. W. Coast N. America, 1863, pp. 532, 534, 563, 583, 613, 661, 683. The whole subject is exhaustively treated by Lischke, Japan. Meer. Conch., vol. ii. p. 166, and vol. iii. p. 31.

10. Triton (Lagena), n. sp.

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December 27, 1873. Lat. 46° 43' S., long. 38° 4' 30" E. Station 145. Between Marion Island and Prince Edward Island. 140 fathoms. Volcanic sand.

This shell is not full-grown, and has the pillar a little broken. It extremely resembles Triton magellanicus, Chemnitz, from Patagonia, but it is shorter in the spire, the sculpture is not identical, the embryonic apex is a little larger, higher, and marked with three slightly raised spiral threads, and the pillar is distinctly shorter. The young shells of this section of the genus are peculiarly difficult of identification, but the apex is unmistakably that of a Triton.

11. Triton (Distorsio) cancellinus (de Roissy).

Martini, Conch. Cab., vol. ii. p. 85, pl. xli. figs. 405, 406.

Murex cancellinus, de Roissy, Buffon Hist. nat., Moll., vol. vi. p. 56, sp. 12.

- mulus, Dillwyn, Cat., vol. ii. p. 704, sp. 45.
- Wood, Ind. Test., p. 129, pl. xxvi. fig. 46. •• ,,