## PLATE XVII.

- Figs. 1-9. Cynthia complanata, Herdman.
- Figs. 10-16. Cynthia papietensis, n. sp.
- Figs. 17-21. Cynthia pallida, Heller.
- Fig. 1. Cynthia complanata, seen from the right side; natural size.
- Fig. 2. A small portion of the test of Cynthia complanata, showing the calcareous spicules (sp.); magnified (Hartn., obj. 4).
- Fig. 3. Some of the calcareous spicules from the test, enlarged to show the arrangement of the echinations; much magnified (Hartn., obj. 7).
- Fig. 4. A small portion of the mantle, showing the musculature and the spicules; magnified (Hartn., obj. 4).
- Fig. 5. Some of these calcareous spicules (sp.) enlarged, showing the membranous sheaths connecting them; much magnified (Hartn., obj. 7).
- Fig. 6. Parts of these spicules and their sheaths; still more magnified to show details (Hartn., obj. 10).
- Fig. 7. Part of the branchial sac, seen from the inside, showing two of the folds (br.f.) and the interspace; magnified (Hartn., obj. 4).
- Fig. 8. Two of the calcareous spicules from the branchial sac in the last figure; much magnified (Hartn., obj. 7).
- Fig. 9. The dorsal tubercle of Cynthia complanata, showing the convoluted course of the slit; enlarged.
- Fig. 10. A small specimen of Cynthia papietensis, seen from the right side; natural size.
- Fig. 11. A larger specimen of the same species, seen from the right side; natural size.
- Fig. 12. Part of the branchial sac of Cynthia papietensis, seen from the inside, showing a fold (br.f.), an interspace, part of the dorsal lamina (l.), the dorsal tubercle (d.t.), and the peritubercular area; magnified (Hartn., obj. 4).
- Fig. 13. Two of the calcareous spicules from the same branchial sac; much magnified (Hartn., obj. 7).
- Fig. 14. Part of the test of *Cynthia papietensis*, showing the branched vessels (v.), terminating in knobs (t.k.), and the calcareous spicules (sp.); magnified (Hartn., obj. 4).
- Fig. 15. Three of the calcareous spicules from the test in the last figure, much enlarged to show the screw-nail appearance (Hartn., obj. 7).
- Fig. 16. Part of the circle of tentacles in Cynthia papietensis, showing three orders, two compound (tn. and tn'.), and one simple (tn".); magnified (Hartn., obj. 4).
- Fig. 17. Part of the branchial sac of Cynthia pallida, seen from the inside; magnified (Hartn., obj. 4).
- Fig. 18. A small portion of the mantle of Cynthia pallida, showing the calcareous spicules (sp.); magnified (Hartn., obj. 4).
- Fig. 19. Some of these calcareous spicules, more enlarged (Hartn., obj. 7).
- Fig. 20. A small portion of one of the spicules, still more enlarged, to show the arrange-