Lætmogone wyville-thomsoni, Théel.

Fig. 4. Side view of the anterior portion of the body, with the left side removed to show the position of the inner organs. a, madreporic canal; b, papillæ in connection with the madreporic canal; c, genital process; d, efferent duct of the reproductive organs; e, pseudhæmal vessels; f, calcareous ring; g, reproductive organs; h, Polian vesicle; i, water-vascular ring; k, main canals combining the water-vascular ring with the tentacles and the radial ambulacral vessels; m, radial ambulacral vessels; t, tentacles; x, the foremost portion of the perisoma of the left side turned forwards.

Deima fastosum, Théel.

,, 5. A part of the system of canals which surround the foremost portion of the alimentary canal and are in connection with the small papillæ which are presented in figure 2 of this plate. a, papillæ; b, part of the disk-like perisoma which surrounds the anterior aperture of the body; c, the blind ends of the canals cut off; d, canals; e, nerves.

Oneirophanta mutabilis, Théel.

show the inner organs. a, madreporic canal; b, efferent duct of the reproductive organs; c, pseudhæmal vessel passing to the reproductive organs; d, male reproductive organs; e, mesentery; f, dorsal pseudhæmal vessel; g, intestine; h, Polian vesicle; i, ventral pseudhæmal vessel; k, elastic bands and threads; l, circular pseudhæmal vessel; m, water-vascular ring; n, radial ambulacral vessels; o, minute apertures visible through the thin walls of the water-vascular system, by which apertures the five main canals communicate with the tentacles and the radial ambulacral vessels; p, opening formed by the medio-dorsal mesentery; r, main canals. Natural size.

Deima validum, Théel.

7. View of the termination of the odd ventral main canal into the tentacles and odd radial ambulacral vessel. α, a portion of the odd main canal; b, calcareous ring; c, branches of the main canal passing to the tentacles; m, tentacular cavities; n, nerve ring; o, tentacular nerves; k, the same minute canals which are represented in the figures 2 and 5 of this plate; x, odd radial ambulacral vessel; y, branch of the main canal which passes into the odd radial ambulacral vessel; z, ventral body-wall. The tentacles as well as the ends of the fine canals are removed.