- Fig. 3.—Perradial section through the entire Medusa, five times the natural size. Strong longitudinal and transverse muscular folds are visible in the interior of the gastral cavity (gp), also eight gastral grooves (gr) between the eight adradial ridges of the gastral wall. The eight radial canals (cr) open above into the gastral cavity, by the gastral opening (go). Eight wide, folded genital sacs (sc) run out from the proximal halves of the radial canals, and are fastened to the subumbrella (mv) by the vertical leaf-shaped mesogoniæ (or genital mesenteries, wr). ug Gelatinous substance of the umbrella. al Oral lobes. cc Circular canal. v Velum. vm Freer margin of the velum.
- Fig. 4.—Subumbral view of the Medusa, seen from below, three times the natural size (comp. Pl. III. fig 2). The outer thick-walled abaxial half of the broad velum is separated by a deep circular furrow from the inner thin-walled half, which projects like a folded cosophagus. vw Subumbral, ve exumbral surface of the velum. vm Freer margin of the velum. aw Oral marginal with the lobial swelling. g Gastral cavity.
- Figs. 5-8.—Four radial sections through the umbrella margin, slightly enlarged, in four directly following meridian planes, at the four points indicated in fig. 10 by the letters ABCD. The radial section in fig. 7 (A) touches a sucking-cup of the first size (xa), in fig. 8 (B) a sucking-cup of the second size (xb), in fig. 5 (C) a sucking-cup of the third size (xc), in fig. 6 (D) a sucking-cup formed of many smaller sucking-cups (xd). The following letters have the same signification in all the figures: yt the endodermal chordal axis of the solid sucking tentacle, u the gelatinous substance of the umbrella, e the exumbrella, cc the circular canal, du its umbral, dw its subumbral endodermal epithelium; dp glandular endodermal tufts and folds of the marginal wall of the circular canal, mw muscular layer of the subumbrella, gw ectodermal epithelium of the subumbrella, vw subumbral epithelium, ve exumbral epithelium of the velum; mv muscular layer of the velum; nc urticating ring, nc nerve ring.
- Fig. 9.—Oblique tangential section through a portion of the umbrella margin, slightly enlarged, cc arching of the circular canal between the projecting folds and tufts of its marginal wall (dp); n urticating epithelium, and d solid chordal axis of several sucking-cups.
- Fig. 10.—Portion of the umbrella margin, seen from the outside, ten times the natural size. Lettering, comp. figs. 5-8. er Radial rib of the exumbrella.
- Figs. 11, 12.—The lower, free half of the œsophagus, three times the natural size; fig. 11 interradial, fig. 12 perradial section. ak Perradial angles. al Oral lobes.