"Narrative of an Expedition to China and Japan," vol. ii., Fish., p. 277, pl. x. fig. 1. Unfortunately our specimen is eviscerated, so that nothing can be said as regards its anatomy. Length of specimen, 11 inches. Yokohama Market.

Aulopus japonicus, n. sp.

D. 15, A. 9, L. lat. 43, L. transv. $4\frac{1}{2}/6$. The length of the head is contained thrice and one-fourth in the total (without caudal). The diameter of the eye equals the length of the snout, and is contained thrice and two-thirds in the length of the head. Interorbital space concave, one-half of the width of the eye. Maxillary extending to behind the middle of the eye. Body irregularly marbled with blackish. Length of specimen, $7\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Market of Yokohama.

Plecoglossus altivelis, Schleg., Tokaido.

Salanx microdon, Blkr., Market at Yokohama

Hemirhamphus sajori, Schleg., Market of Yokohama.

Cyprinus auratus, L., Yokohama, Japan.

Leuciscus hakuensis, n. sp. (Pl. XXXI. fig. B).

D. 10, A. 10, L. lat. 73, L. transv. 15/14. The height of the body is one-fourth of the total length (without caudal), the length of the head two-ninths. The diameter of the eye is one-fifth of the length of the head, and nearly two-thirds of the length of the snout or of the width of the interorbital space. The head is remarkably small, with narrow pointed snout, the cleft of the mouth being oblique and not reaching to the front margin of the eye. Upper jaw overlapping the lower. Origin of the dorsal fin above the root of the ventrals, midway between the snout and the root of the caudal fin; fins generally small and short, the pectoral being not much more than one-half of its distance from the ventral. Scales very indistinctly striated; there are eight longitudinal series between the lateral line and ventral fin. Pharyngeal teeth 5/2, pointed. Coloration uniform.

This species is infested by a large Ligula, like so many other Cyprinoids of the Old World. Length of specimens, $7\frac{1}{2}$ and $9\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Lake Hakou, Japan.

Achilognathus melanogaster, Blkr., Lake Bioa.

Misgurnus anguillicaudatus, Cant., Kiyoto. (The Japanese fed Sieboldia in captivity on this fish, and said it was its natural food.)

Engraulis japonica, Houtt.

(1) Atherina japonica, Houttuyn, Verh. Holl. Maatsch. Wet. Haarlem, vol. xx. p. 340, pt. 2, 1781. Engraulis japonica, Schleg., Faun. Japon. Poiss., p. 239, pl. cviii. fig. 3.

When I described specimens from the Coast of China under the name of Engraulis