

***Polypodium phymatodes*, Linn.**

Polypodium phymatodes, Linn. ; Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., xv. p. 110 ; Benth., Fl. Austr., vii. p. 769.

Pleopeltis phymatodes, T. Moore ; Seem., Fl. Vit., p. 368.

ADMIRALTY ISLANDS.—Widely spread in the tropics of the Old World, and ranging in Polynesia from New Caledonia to the Fijis and Tahiti.

***Polypodium (Phymatodes) nigrescens*, Blume.**

Polypodium (Phymatodes) nigrescens, Blume ; Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., xv. p. 110 ; Benth., Fl. Austr., vii. p. 769.

ADMIRALTY ISLANDS.—North-eastern Australia to the Malayan Peninsula and the Philippines, and eastward in Polynesia to the Fijis and Samoa and Savage Islands, in the Navigators' group.

***Vittaria elongata*, Swartz.**

Vittaria elongata, Swartz ; Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., xv. p. 111 ; Benth., Fl. Austr., vii. p. 718.

Vittaria rigida, Kaulf. ; Seem., Fl. Vit., p. 372.

ADMIRALTY ISLANDS.—Eastern Australia to the Himalayas, Mascarene Islands, the warmer parts of Africa ; and throughout Polynesia from New Caledonia to Tahiti, the Sandwich and Marianne Islands.

***Acrostichum (Stenochlæna) scandens*, J. Sm.**

Acrostichum (Stenochlæna) scandens, J. Sm. ; Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., xv. p. 111 ; Benth., Fl. Austr., vii. p. 778 ; Seem., Fl. Vit., p. 373.

ADMIRALTY ISLANDS.—North-eastern Australia to the Himalayas, and eastward in Polynesia to the Fijis and Samoa.

***Acrostichum (Gymnopteris) repandum*, Blume.**

Acrostichum (Gymnopteris) repandum, Blume, var. *quoyanum*, Gaud. ; Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., xv. p. 111 ; Benth., Fl. Austr., vii. p. 779.

ADMIRALTY ISLANDS.—North-eastern Australia to China and the Philippines, Mascarene Islands, and in Polynesia eastward to the Fijis and Samoa, and southward to New Caledonia.

***Acrostichum (Photinopteris) thomsoni*, Baker.**

Acrostichum (Photinopteris) thomsoni, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., xv. p. 111.

Fronds subsessile, membranous, glabrous, the barren part lanceolate, 2–3 feet long, 6–8 inches broad, cut down to a broad wing into lanceolate or deltoid lobes ; those of the