inhabits the Philippines and Queensland, Australia, where it is the only species of a genus numerous in India and Africa. There are about fifty species of *Ceropegia* spread over the warmer parts of the Old World.

LOGANIACEÆ.

Gærtnera sp.

Arrou.—Gartnera is a genus of about twenty-five species, inhabiting Tropical Asia and Africa, but rare in the Archipelago, and not known to be represented in Australia. The present plant may be the common Gartnera kanigii, Wight, Ic. Pl. Ind. Or., t. 1318.

BORAGINEÆ.

Cordia subcordata, Lam.

Cordia subcordata, Lam.; Benth., Fl. Austr., iv. p. 385; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., iv. p. 140; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., ii. p. 914; Seem., Fl. Vit., p. 168, t. 34; Nadeaud, Enum. Pl. Tahiti, p. 57 Mann. in Proc. Amer. Acad., vii. p. 194.

Cordia sebestena, Forst., Fl. Ins. Austr. Prodr., p. 18, non Linn.

Cordia rumphii, Blume, Bijdr., p. 843; Rumph., Herb. Amb., ii. p. 226, t. 75.

LAKOR; TIMOR LAUT.—A very common tree in Polynesia, from the Fijis to the Sandwich Islands, and among others in the Marquesas and Society groups. It is most likely the "Cordia sebestena, Linn., an potius Cordia speciosa, Willd." of Jouan (Mém. Soc. Sci. Nat. Cherbourg, xi., 1865, p. 116), who states that it is usually found on the seashore, and expresses the opinion that the seeds are conveyed from place to place by oceanic currents. Seemann mentions that the seeds are eaten by the natives [of Fiji?], though there is not much taste in them. Nadeaud describes this as a tree of the madreporic vegetation, met with on the sea-shore, and adds that it furnishes the beautiful red dye of Tahiti. This tree is also common in the islands of the Indian Ocean, and westward to the east coast of Africa. In India it is commonly planted, and perhaps nowhere really wild; it is also found throughout the Archipelago, and on the coast of Tropical Australia. The genus Cordia numbers nearly 200 species, spread over the warmer regions of both hemispheres, but most numerous in America.

Ehretia sp.

ARROU; LETTI.—Ehretia is a considerable genus, widely dispersed in the tropical regions of the Old World.

Tournefortia argentea, Linn. f.

Tournefortia argentea, Linn. f.; Benth., Fl. Austr., iv. p. 389; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., ii. p. 926; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., iv. p. 145; Seem., Fl. Vit., p. 171; Nadeaud, Enum. Pl. Tahiti, p. 57.

Arrou to Timor Laur.—A common seaside shrub on nearly all coasts, insular and continental, of the Indian and Pacific Oceans, at least in the warmer parts. Seemann records