

be a great obstacle to travelling. Mr Vélain states that there is a belt of this plant around the mountain, commencing at an elevation of about 100 feet, and extending to nearly 900 feet; and it took him and his companions more than a day to traverse it.

**Uncinia brevicaulis**, Thouars, var. *robustior*. (Plate XLV.)

*Uncinia brevicaulis*, Thouars, var. *robustior*, Hemsl.

*Uncinia rigida*, Bœckl. in Flora, 1882, p. 64?

*Uncinia gracilis*, Thouars, *β. gracilis* [sic], C. B. Clarke in Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., xx. p. 400.

ST PAUL and AMSTERDAM. *De l'Isle*, 7 and 44.

Also in Tristan da Cunha.

De l'Isle collected the plant figured in Amsterdam Island at an elevation of above 600 feet; and he collected a smaller specimen on the south coast of St Paul. For particulars of it see *ante*, p. 159.

**Uncinia compacta**, R. Br.

*Uncinia compacta*, R. Br., Prodr. Fl. Nov. Holl., p. 241; Hook. f., Fl. Tasm., ii. p. 103, t. 153; C. B. Clarke in Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., xx. p. 394.

ST PAUL ISLAND.—Beginning at an altitude of about 650 feet—*De l'Isle*, 34.

Kerguelen Island; New Zealand; Tasmania; Alps of Victoria, Australia.

Var. *δ elongata*, C. B. Clarke in Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., xx. p. 395.

AMSTERDAM ISLAND. *De l'Isle*, 55.

### GRAMINEÆ.

**Spartina arundinacea**, Carmich.

*Spartina arundinacea*, Carmich. in Trans. Linn. Soc. Lond., xii. p. 504; Kunth, Enum., i. p. 279; Reichardt in Verhandl. d. k. k. zool.-bot. Gesellsch. Wien, xxi., Abhandl. p. 31.

*Ponceletia arundinacea*, Thouars, Esquisse Fl. Trist., p. 36.

ST PAUL ISLAND.—Abundant on the bank around the basin—*Milne*; scattered, and not very common—*Jelinek*; common—*De l'Isle*. AMSTERDAM ISLAND.—Exceedingly abundant.

Apparently restricted to these islands and the Tristan da Cunha group. There is an allied species on the eastern coast of South America.

**Trisetum insulare**, Hemsl. (Plate LII.)

*Trisetum insulare*, Hemsl., n. sp.

*Danthonia radicans*, Steudel (?) Reichardt in Verhandl. d. k. k. zool.-bot. Gesellsch. Wien, xxi., Abhandl. p. 31.

Cæspitosum, foliis brevibus confertis late vaginantibus, paniculis densis abbreviatis, spiculis bifloris, gluma florenti longe bisetosa cum arista inter setas terminali.