A common tree on the sea-coasts of Tropical Asia, Africa, Pacific Islands, and North Australia. It is also common in some of the West Indian Islands, though Mr Bentham (Flora Australiensis, i. p. 221) states that it was introduced.

STERCULIACEÆ.

Melochia odorata, Linn.

Melochia odorata, Linn., fil., Sp. Pl. Suppl., p. 302; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 94.

Bermudas.—Introduced. Pembroke Marsh—Lefroy.

A common Pacific island tree, introduced into the West Indies, according to Grisebach. How it reached the Bermudas we are uninformed. We have not seen Lefroy's specimen, but we learn from his memoranda that it was named by Dr Asa Gray.

TILIACEÆ.

Triumfetta lappula, Linn.

Triumfetta lappula, Linn., Sp. Pl., ed. 1, p. 444; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 95. Lappula bermudensis, Pluk., Alm., p. 206, et Phylogr., t. 245, fig. 7.

Bermudas.—Introduced? or perhaps indigenous. Without exact localities—Lefroy; Moseley. Also in the British Museum, in Sloane's Herbarium, xcvi. p. 128.

A common weed in the West Indies and Tropical America.

Triumfetta althæoides, Lam.

Triumfetta althæoides, Lam., Encycl., iii. p. 420; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 96.

BERMUDAS.—Introduced? Without locality—Rein. Grisebach also records it from the Bermudas, but we have seen no specimen.

West Indies and South America.

Triumfetta semitriloba, Jacq.

Triumfetta semitriloba, Jacq., Sel. Stirp. Amer., p. 147; Linn., Mant., p. 73; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 96.

Bermudas.—Indigenous? Walsingham—Lane; Lefroy.

Nearly all tropical countries, except perhaps Australia.

This is the "Box-bush" of the islanders.

Waltheria americana, Linn.

Waltheria americana, Linn., Sp. Pl., ed. 1, p. 637; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 95.

Bermudas.—Indigenous. Pembroke Marsh—Lefroy.

In tropical and sub-tropical regions all round the globe, though not hitherto found in south-eastern North America.