

Name	Distribution of the Order, Genus, or Species.
MYRTACEÆ.	
* <i>Metrosideros</i>	One endemic species in South Africa, many in Australasia, and a few in Polynesia. <i>Metrosideros polymorpha</i> , common in New Zealand and throughout Polynesia.
ONAGRARIÆ.	
<i>Fuchsia</i>	Two or three species endemic in New Zealand, and many in America, ranging from Fuegia to Mexico, and one species occurring in the West Indies.
* <i>Epilobium junceum</i>	Australasia and Chili.
<i>Ænothera</i>	One species of this large otherwise American genus is endemic in the alpine marshes of Tasmania; it is closely allied to a common American one.
CUCURBITACEÆ.	
* <i>Sicyos angulatus</i>	Australasia and America on both coasts. A littoral plant, and the only member of the order in New Zealand.
FICOIDEÆ.	
* <i>Tetragonia expansa</i>	Australasia and South America; also in Japan.
* <i>Mesembryanthemum æquilaterale</i>	Australia and Tasmania, and Chili to California; and closely allied to the South African <i>Mesembryanthemum acinaciforme</i> .
* „ <i>australe</i>	Australasia and Polynesia.
„ <i>crystallinum</i>	Australia, South Africa, California, and Mediterranean region.
UMBELLIFERÆ.	
* <i>Hydrocotyle americana</i>	New Zealand, North and South America; and several other species of the two regions are closely related.
* <i>Pozoa</i>	New Zealand, Tasmania, and South America.
* <i>Azorella</i>	Australasia, Macdonald group, and intervening islands to Marion, and South America.
<i>Huanaca</i>	Two Australian species, and four extratropical South American; and one is recorded from Mexico.
<i>Azorella selago</i>	Marion to the Macdonald group, and in Macquarie Island and Fuegia.
* <i>Crantzia lineata</i>	Australasia and Chili to the United States.
* <i>Apium australe</i>	South temperate and cold regions generally.
* <i>Oreomyrrhis</i>	Australasia and America, from Chili to Mexico, with endemic species in both regions.
„ <i>andicola</i>	Australasia and the Andes, northward to Mexico.
* <i>Daucus brachiatus</i>	Australasia and America.
CORNEÆ.	
<i>Griselinia</i>	Endemic species in New Zealand, Chili, and Brazil.
RUBIACEÆ.	
* <i>Nertera</i>	New Zealand to Java and the Philippines, Tristan da Cunha and Fuegia to Mexico, with endemic species in each region.
* <i>Nertera depressa</i>	Australasia, Tristan da Cunha, Fuegia to Mexico, and in the Sandwich Islands.
* <i>Coprosma</i>	Numerous in New Zealand and extending northward to Borneo, throughout Polynesia, and one endemic species occurs in Juan Fernandez.