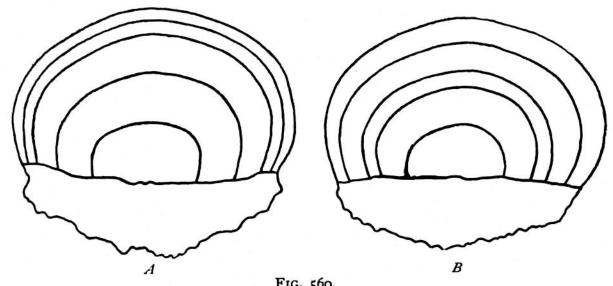
The study of numerous samples taken from the fish-stock Age-comof a certain area may aim at ascertaining the age-com- position of position of that stock, and from the results the follow-fishes. ing main points in the natural history of the fish may be elucidated: (1) the age at which maturity occurs; (2) the



Two scales of five-year-old herrings.

A, growth under normal conditions; B, abnormal growth in the third zone.

duration of life; and (3) the variations in the age-composition and magnitude of the fish-stock.

Studies of this kind have shown us that various species

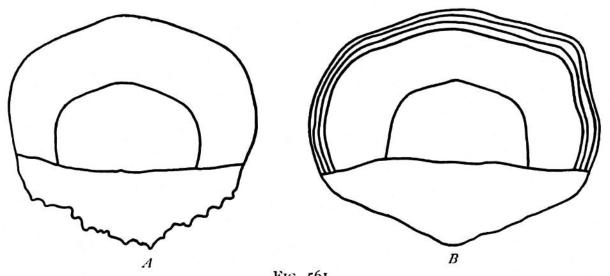


Fig. 561. Scales of A, herring (Clupea harengus); B, sprat (Clupea sprattus). Both fishes 16 cm. long.

are distinct even in this respect. Nothing shows this more clearly than a comparison between the two closely related species: the sprat and the herring. Fig. 561 represents scales of a herring and of a sprat, both 16 cm. long, the herring being only 11/2 year old and the sprat 4 years. The