RESIDUE.				ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS.
Per cent.	Siliceons Organisms.	Minorals.	Fine Washings.	
89 · 28 66 · 07	 (1.00 %), a few Sponge spicules and Diatoms. (1.00 %), a few Sponge spicules, Radiolaria, Lituolidæ. 	(2.00 %), m. di. 0.10 mm., augular; monoclinic and tri- clinic felspars, quartz, mica, hornblende, glassy fragments, glauconite. (1.00 %), m. di. 0.10 mm., angular; felspar, volcanic glass, augito, mica, magnetite,	 (86.28 %), amorphous matter, with fragments of minerals, Radiolaria, and Diatoms. (64.07 %), amorphous matter, with fragments of minerals and siliceous organisms. 	Most of the organisms are fragmentary. Many of the mineral particles are evidently ice-borne. Some of the Globigerinide have grains of manganese scattered over and adhering to their surfaces. Amor-
65·00	(1.00 %), a few Sponge spicules, Radiolaria, Astrorhizidæ, Lituolidæ, Diatoms.	 (1.00 %), m. di. 0.07 mm., angular; sanidino, augite, magnetite, fragments of pumice, glauconite, quartz. 	(63.00 %), amorphous matter, many fine mineral particles, fragments of Radioluria and Diatoms.	 phous clayey matter partially fills some of the Forn- minifera. In the washings from the trawl one small piece of pumice, containing a large crystal of sanidine, was obtained. Glauconite in these depths is unusual and is only repre- sented by a few grains. Dredge contained one hundred- weight (50 kilogrammes) of deposit, in which were some pellets of manganese.
72-41	(1.00 %), Sponge spicules, Radiolaria, <i>Haplophragmium</i> .	(1.00 %), m. di. 0.07 mm., angular; felspar, augito, magnetito, volcanic glass, one or two small particles of quartz covered with limonite, manganese grains.	(70.41 %), amorphous matter, with minute fragments of minerals and siliceous organ- isms.	The organisms are, for the most part, fragmentary. There is little difference between this and the previous and succeeding deposits, though this is classed as a Red Clay.
64.69	(1.00 %) Radiolaria, a few Sponge spicules, Astrorhizidæ, Lituolidæ.	(1.00 %), m. di. 0.10 mm., angular; monoclinic folspar, augite, pumice, lapilli, mag- netite.	(62.69 %), amorphous matter, fragments of Radiolaria and minerals.	This deposit is similar to that obtained at Station 65, except in having a higher percentage of carbonate of lime.
45.70	(1.00 %), Radiolaria, Sponge spicules, Astrorhizidæ, Litu- olidæ.	(1.00 %), m. di. 0.07 mm., angular; monoclinic and triclinic felspars, augite, mag- notite, volcanic glass.	(43.70 %), amorphous matter, fragments of minerals and siliceous organisms.	The rise in the percentage of carbonate of lime with decrease of depth is here again illustrated. The
28.24	(1.00 %), Radiolaria, Sponge spicules, one or two arenaceous Foraminifera.	(1.00 %), m. di. 0.07 mm., angular; a few fragments of felspar, magnotite, volcanic glass.	(26.24 %), amorphous matter, fragments of minerals and siliceous organisms.	appearance of the pelagic Foraminifera is different from that in tropical deposits.
				Only a small quantity of the deposit came up in the tube; the examination of this quantity, however, indicated a deposit, in some respects, similar to that at Station 68.
16.60	(1.00 %), Radiolaria, Sponge spionles, Astrorhizidæ, Litu- olidæ, a few Diatoms.	(1.00 %), m. di. 0.10 mm., angular; a few fragments of sanidine, volcanic glass, mag- netito, manganese grains.	(14.69 %), amorphous matter, fragments of minerals, Radio- laria, and Diatoms.	In the washings of a large quantity of the deposit from the trawl there were a great many Pteropod shells and fragments, also concretions of the coze with black spots.
11-69	(2.00 %), ⁹ Radiolaria, Spongo spicules, Astrorhizidæ, Litu- olidæ, imperfect brown casts, a few Diatoms.	(1.00 %), n. di. 0.10 mm., angular; fragments of pumice, felspar, lapilli, magnetito, augite, manganese.	(8.69 %), amorphons matter, with minute fragments of minerals and siliceous organ- isms.	In the trawl there were several aggregations of the coze from 3 to 4 cm. in diameter, perforated by worms and coated with a deposit of manganese; also a fragment of compact volcanic rock more or less rounded and about 7 cm. in longest diameter; this fragment has a slight deposit of manganese over the whole surface, with a <i>Serpula</i> -tube attached. There was also a fragment of sandstone, containing mica and stained with limonite, and a large einder, evidently from some ocean steamer.

Bermuda to Azores-continued.